

# Compliance Noise Monitoring

Byron Resource Recovery Centre  
The Manse Road  
Myocum



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Myocum

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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Purpose

Tim Fitzroy & Associates were engaged by Byron Shire Council (BSC) to undertake an operational noise assessment at the Byron Resource Recovery Centre (BRCC) (former Myocum Landfill), The Manse Road Myocum. Key components of the noise assessment were to:

- undertake compliance noise monitoring; and
- provide an updated noise assessment of site operations.

Compliance noise monitoring was undertaken on 3 March 2015.

## 1.2 Site Description and Surrounds

The subject site is described as Lot 1 DP 1052900 The Manse Road, Myocum. The BRCC is established between two remnant ridgelines. The BRCC is located at Myocum around 6km south of Mullumbimby and 9km southwest of Brunswick Heads. The Myocum quarry is located to the west of the site.

The new Resource Recovery Area is located on the crest of a hill. The surrounding area is undulating.

A number of residences are within close proximity of the BRCC. Residences R1 to R5 (inclusive) are identified in **Illustration 2.1**. Residences R1, R3 and R4 are owned by BSC, while the other residences are privately owned. Residences R1 and R5 are two storey dwelling houses while the other dwellings are single storey.

A BSC operated quarry is located to the immediate west of the BRCC, while Leela Quarry (privately operated) is located to the north (see **Illustration 2.1**). Vegetation provides a visual screen from the BRCC to residences R1, R2, R3 and R5.

## 2. Resource Recovery Operations

### 2.1 Typical Operations

Waste Recovery and Recycling operations are carried out in the transfer centre, green-waste and resource recovery areas. The Byron Resource Recovery Centre operating hours are 7:30 am to 4:00pm (Monday to Friday) and 8:00am to 12:00pm (Saturday and Sunday). Landfilling operations ceased in late September 2013. Additional infrastructure has been installed at the existing transfer station for the temporary storage and bulk transfer of waste to South east Queensland. A new Resource Recovery Area has been established on a level area between the redundant northern and southern landfill cells.

Council operates a single body, dual axle, hook lift truck for the purpose of transporting water for dust suppression, emergency spot fire fighting and moving various waste and recyclable products within the site within hook lift bins. Council operates a Backhoe (Cat 432D) for the management of recyclable stockpiles within the resource recovery area, including the loading of lift hook bins, transferring materials to the tip shop and loading small quantities of mulch for customers. Waste is deposited into bins using private or commercial vehicles. The bins are emptied by transfer trucks.

A variety of vehicles including: private vehicles, mini skips, council rubbish trucks (up to 8 per day) deposit waste either at the transfer station or the resource recovery area. Semi-trailers operate in the Resource Recovery area with roll-on roll-off bins. Walking floor trucks operate in the transfer station. Average movements are twice a day, Monday to Friday.

To the north of the face are the weighbridge, waste transfer centre and second hand shop. This area is not in a direct line of site to residences R1, R2, R4 and R5.

### 2.2 Intermittent Operations

Intermittent noise generating activities include green waste mulching and metal collection/ baling. Based on current throughput green waste mulching occurs on a 6 weekly basis; metal collection/baling once every 2 weeks.

The following corrective actions are employed by BSC to reduce noise impacts from intermittent noise generating activities:

- Green waste and metal processing does not occur on weekends and public holidays;
- Commencement of these operational activities shall take place on weekdays only, commencing no earlier than 9:00 a.m. and ceasing no later than 4:00 p.m.;
- Dates for these operational activities will be scheduled at least two weeks in advance of commencement, and potentially affected resident neighbours will be notified by a letter box drop and/or a roadside message board.

## 2.3 Licence Conditions

The NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) has issued licence conditions for the Myocum Landfill site. Noise Monitoring locations are to be located within 30m of Residence R1 to R5 (inclusive) are identified in **Table 2.1**.

Condition L6.1 states that the Project Specific Noise Limits (PSNL) Laeq (15 minute) are:

- 43 dB(A) at monitoring points 20 (N1), 21 (N2), 27 (N4) and 28 (N5); and
- 39 dB (A) at monitoring point 22 (N3).

**Table 2.1 Noise Monitoring Locations 30m from dwellings**

Location	Description	Distance from BRCC (m)
N1	Council owned house, 147 Manse Rd, southeast of BRCC	200
N2	Private House, 110 Manse Road, south of BRCC	300
N3	Council owned house, 1 Dingo lane, west of quarry and BRCC	700
N4	Council owned house, 147 The Manse Road, east of BRCC	200
N5	Private house, 149 Manse Road, east of BRCC	250

The  $L_{Aeq}$  is essentially the average sound level. It is defined as the steady sound level that contains the same amount of acoustical energy at a given time; varying sound over a defined measurement period.

In accordance with the NSW Industrial Noise Policy (NSW EPA 2000), the Myocum Waste and Recycling facility is classified as an industrial/commercial noise source. The assessment procedure for an industrial noise source should comprise of:

- Controlling intrusive noise impacts in the short term for surrounding residences; and
- Maintaining noise level amenity for particular land uses for residences and other land uses.

In assessing the noise impact of the Waste and Recycling facility on the surrounding land use, both components must be taken into account for residential receivers, but, in most cases, only one will become the limiting factor forming the project-specific noise level. The intrusiveness of an industrial noise source may be generally considered to be acceptable if the equivalent continuous A-weighted level of noise from the source, measured over a 15 minute period, does not exceed the background noise level by more than 5dB. Therefore, the limiting criteria for the control of intrusive noise impacts is if the  $L_{Aeq,15\text{ minute}}$  descriptor is  $< RBL + 5\text{ dB}$ .

In accordance with the INP, the project specific noise criteria is the lesser of either the amenity or intrusiveness criterion. The work to derive the PSNC was carried out previously, endorsed by the DECCW and has resulted in the licence conditions imposed.

Condition No. L6.2 states that noise compliance is to occur within 30m of each nominated residence. Noise Monitoring locations are depicted in **Illustration 2.1**.



Dwelling setback distances from Myocum Landfill	
R1	70m
R2	240m
R3	650m
R4	140m
R5	180m

*Note: Distances are approximate only.*



0 80m

SCALE: 1:4000 (A3)  
DRAWN: azaCAD.com.au  
BASE SOURCE: GOOGLE MAPS  
DATE: MAY 2014  
REFERENCE: 22-99-C

**Illustration 2.1:**  
**Noise Monitoring Locations and Dwelling Setbacks**

## 3. Noise Assessment

### 3.1 Acoustical Equipment

Tim Fitzroy & Associates utilised the following equipment in this Noise Impact Assessment:

- A Type 1 Larson Davis 831 environmental sound level meter.

Calibration of the noise monitoring equipment was undertaken prior to use. To ensure no significant tonal drift occurred over the monitoring period, the calibration was checked before and after each measurement period.

### 3.2 Monitoring Methodology

Noise monitoring was undertaken during typical resource recovery operations.

*Typical operations* include the operation of the excavator and unloading activities at the transfer station and resource recovery area plus vehicular movements.

Ambient sound pressure levels were measured generally in accordance with Australian Standard AS1055.1:1997 - '*Acoustics-Description and measurement of environmental noise - Part 1: General procedures*'. The monitoring locations reflect as much as possible the requirement for monitoring at the most affected point within 30m of each dwelling.

Noise monitoring of typical waste and recycling operations was carried out on Tuesday 3 March 2015 between 9:00am and 12:00pm.

One 15 minute sample was obtained at each of the monitoring locations using a Larson Davis, type 1 Sound Level Meter. The Fast and A weighting settings were used. The microphone at each location was 1.35m above ground level.

The weather during the noise monitoring was fine. Winds conditions ranged from calm to light east winds.

**Illustration 2.1** shows the location of the noise monitoring locations and set back distances from residences R1 to R5 inclusive to the BRCC.

Photographs of the noise monitoring locations, N1 to N5, transfer station and resource recovery operations are provided in **Appendix A**.

### 3.3 Noise Monitoring Results

- The noise monitoring results (nmr) are provided in Table 3.1.

During normal operations the main sources of noise at the BRCC was the excavator operation in the resource recovery area and in the transfer area. The loader was not operational (under repair). Other sources of noise included vehicle movements on the site and along The Manse Road. Environmental noise including crows was significant in some locations. . During monitoring wind speed varied between calm and less than 5km/hr from the east.

**Table 3.1 Monitoring Results at N1 to N5 under Normal Operating Conditions**

Date	Location	Time	Measured L <sub>Aeq(15min)</sub> dB(A)	Estimated BRCC Contribution	Comments	Licence Condition dB(A)
3/03/2015	N1	8:54-9:35	57.1	48	Crow calls, loader operating in resource recovery area Vehicle entering and leaving	43
3/03/2015	N2	10:23- 10:40	52.5	40	Main source vehicles travelling along The Manse Road, very limited impact from W&R, limited crow calls and cicadas	43
3/03/2015	N3	11:10- 11:25	43.9	38	Excavator operation including reverse alarm in transfer station audible Vehicles passing along quarry road to Leela Quarry	39
3/03/2015	N4	9:41-9:56	51.9	46	Revving and reversing of , excavator in Resource Recovery Area; Crow	43

					calls	
3/03/2015	N5	10:01-10:16	53.3	38	Bird calls, Small planes overhead, some movement in trees; Excavator operation barely audible; vehicle noise along The Manse Road	43

### 3.4 Observations

#### 3.4.1 Typical Operations at N1 to N5

At location N1, the measured LAeq was 57.1 dB (A). The dominate noise was the loader operation in the resource recovery area.

The excavator operation is in close proximity to N1 has resulted in an elevated Leq at the receiver. The measured LAeq of 57.1 dB (A) is 14 dB (A) above the noise limit of 43 dB (A). The estimated contribution from Resource Recovery Operations was 48 dB (A). The residence, R1 is owned by BSC, the operator of the Byron Resource Recovery Centre.

At location N2, the measured LAeq was 52.5dB (A). N2 was affected by traffic noise primarily associated with the Byron Resource Recovery Centre. Noise contribution from the Byron Resource Recovery operation was estimated to be 40 db (A). This is 3 dB (A) below the noise limit of 43 dB (A).

At location N3, the measured LAeq was 43.9dB (A). During the monitoring period the excavator operation in transfer station could be heard, although the noise level was not dominant. In addition bird calls were evident. The estimated contribution from Resource Recovery Operations was 38 dB (A). The residence, R3 is owned by BSC, the operator of the Byron Resource Recovery Centre.

At location N4, the measured LAeq was 51.9 dB (A) with the dominant noise being the operation of the excavator in resource recovery area in close proximity to the eastern boundary. It is estimated that Resource Recovery operations account for 46 dB (A). This is 3 dB (A) in excess of the noise limits. The residence, R4 is owned by BSC, the operator of Byron Resource Recovery Centre.

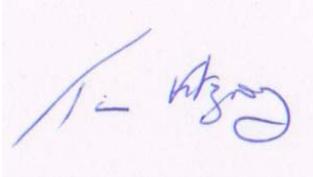
At location N5, the measured LAeq was 53.3 dB (A). This level is higher than previous assessments. Resource Recovery Facility operations were barely audible. In the absence of environmental noises and vehicular traffic along the Manse Road the Resource Recovery Facility operations noise level was 38 dB (A) and therefore in compliance with the noise limit.

## 4. Conclusions & Recommendations

It is concluded from the noise monitoring carried out on 3 March 2015 during typical waste and resource recovery operations that:

- The noise limit at location N3 was compliant with the noise limit of 39 dB(A);
- The noise limit at locations N5 was compliant with the noise limit of 43 dB(A);
- The noise limit at locations N2 was compliant with the noise limit of 43 dB(A);
- The noise limit at location N1 was not met and exceeded by 5 dB(A); and
- The noise limit at location N4 was not met and exceeded by 3 dB (A).

Residence R1, R3 and R4 are owned by Byron Shire Council.



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Environmental Health Scientist

# References

- NSW DECC, 2009      Noise Guide for Local Government, Department of Environment,  
Climate Change & Water, Sydney
- NSW EPA, 2000      Industrial Noise Policy. Environmental Protection Authority,  
Sydney

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# A Photographs



**Photo A**      **Transfer Station**



**Photo B**      **Resource Recovery Area**



**Photo C      Noise Monitoring Location (N1)**



**Photo D      Noise Monitoring Location (N2)**



**Photo E      Noise Monitoring Location (N3)**



**Photo F      Noise Monitoring Location (N4)**



**Photo G      Noise Monitoring Location (N5)**